ARDAC Kidney Health Study



Screening Report

Bourke, Brewarrina, Walgett & Coonamble

24th May - 4th June 2010





The ARDAC Study

The ARDAC Study (Antecedents of Renal Disease in Aboriginal Children) is based at The Centre for Kidney Research at The Children's Hospital at Westmead and is investigating the early signs of kidney and cardiovascular disease in both Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal children in NSW. The first phase of the study was conducted over 6 years between 2002 and 2007 and followed the health of more than 2000 primary school children from areas across NSW. Initially participants were recruited from primary schools, however they are now screened in high schools, at home and in the community as the participants are older and some have left school. Screening in Phase 2 of the study includes measurement of height, weight, blood pressure, waist circumference and a urine test.

The results of the first phase showed no difference in presence of markers for kidney and cardiovascular disease between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal participants. Screening for Phase 2 started in 2008. The success of the ARDAC study has been the result of the support and commitment from Aboriginal Health Workers (AHW's), Aboriginal Education Officers (AEO's), teachers, staff from the Aboriginal Medical Services, the Division of General Practice and a large number of participating schools and communities.

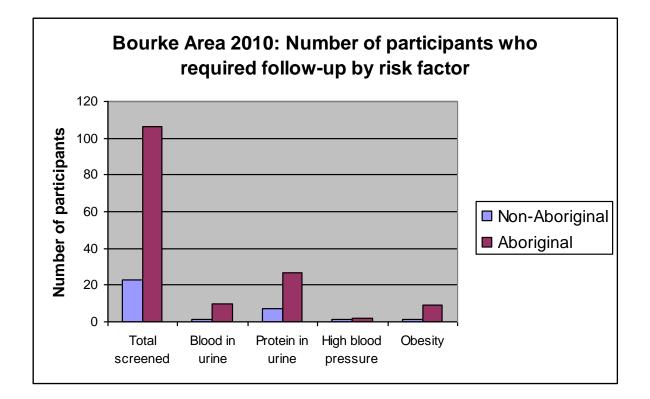
In 2010 we screened 129 participants from the Bourke, Brewarrina, Walgett and Coonamble Area. These are the results of screening in the Bourke, Brewarrina, Walgett and Coonamble Area in 2010.

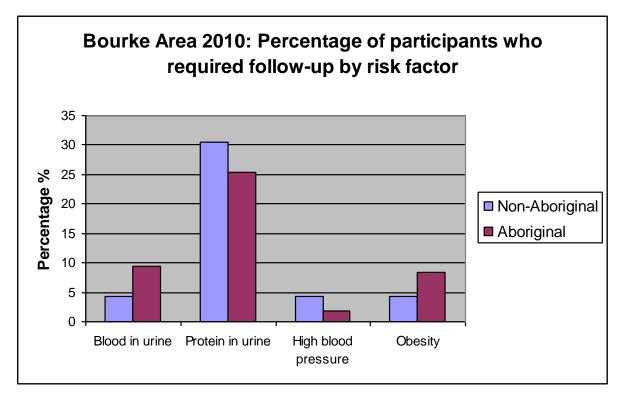
Schools screened in the Bourke, Brewarrina, Walgett and Coonamble Area:

School	Participants
Bourke High School	35
Bourke Primary School	19
Brewarrina Central School	17
Cobar High School	1
Cobar Primary School	1
Coonamble High School	8
St Ignatius Primary School Bourke	3
St Joseph's Primary School Walgett	16
Walgett Community College High School	15
Walgett Community College Primary School	14
Total	129

ARDAC Phase 2 Screening Report

Bourke, Brewarrina, Walgett and Coonamble Area





The first graph shows the number of Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal participants who were referred for each risk factor. The second graph shows the percentage of Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal participants who were referred for each risk factor.

Number of participants tested: 129

Ethnicity: 18% non-Aboriginal (23) and 82% Aboriginal (106)

• Blood in urine \geq 1+ (25 cells/uL) excluding menstruation:

There were 11 out of 129 participants (9%) who had blood in their urine, 1 non-Aboriginal and 10 Aboriginal

Protein in urine <a>> 1+ (30mg/dL):

There were 34 out of 129 participants (26%) with protein in their urine, 7 non-Aboriginal and 27 Aboriginal

• High blood pressure (systolic blood pressure > 95% for age):

There were 3 out of 129 participants (2%) with systolic hypertension, 1 non-Aboriginal and 2 Aboriginal

Obesity (Body Mass Index SDS <u>></u>2):

There were 10 out of 129 participants (8%) with a BMI SDS \geq 2, 5 non-Aboriginal and 9 Aboriginal

<u>Referral</u>

Participants are referred to their local doctor, Aboriginal Medical Service or Community Health Centre for further investigation if one or more of the following are found during screening;

- High blood pressure
- Obesity

Blood, protein or albumin in their urine

Participants who require follow-up receive instructions with their screening results.

<u>Contact Us</u>

If you have any questions about screening or results please contact us on:

Free call: 1800 005 846 Phone: 9845 1469 Fax: 9845 1491 Email: <u>nicolav@chw.edu.au</u> or <u>rachaek2@chw.edu.au</u>